

**Shivani Vyas**  
**Cover Letter for Discussion Leader**  
**CSE-60876 (Research Methods)**

**Paper:** The Next Generation of Human-Drone Partnerships: Co-Designing an Emergency Response System (<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2001.03849.pdf>)

**General Topic:** Enhancing situational awareness in emergency response scenarios through the use of semi-autonomous unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs).

**Specific Behavior or Activity Studied:** The paper focuses on the participatory design process used to develop a UAV-supported emergency response system that balances the complex requirements of drone autonomy, human control, mission functionality, and safety.

**Specific Research Questions:**

1. "How can semi-autonomous UAVs be effectively integrated into emergency response scenarios to maximize situational awareness and safety?"
2. "What design principles should guide the development of a UAV-based emergency response system to ensure effectiveness and user-centeredness?"

**Challenges:**

The complexity of emergency response scenarios requires careful consideration of the balance between drone autonomy and human control.

Ensuring the emergency response system meets the diverse needs of different stakeholders, including emergency responders and system operators.

Paradigm: The research adopts a participatory design approach, engaging emergency responders in the design process to ensure the developed system effectively meets their needs and enhances situational awareness.

**Problem:** Current manually operated UAV systems for emergency response lack autonomy and do not sufficiently support situational awareness, necessitating the development of an improved solution.

**Importance:** Enhancing situational awareness in emergency response scenarios can significantly impact the effectiveness of the response and the safety of both responders and those affected by the emergency.

**Claims:** The authors propose that a participatory design approach, coupled with a focus on situational awareness, can lead to the development of an effective UAV-supported emergency response system. They argue that the system designed through this process can better support emergency responders by providing enhanced situational awareness and enabling more effective response strategies.

**State of Knowledge:** Drawing inspiration from existing work on UAV use in emergency response and situational awareness, the paper contributes new insights into the design of semi-autonomous systems that support complex emergency response tasks.

**Evidence:** The research methodology includes engaging domain experts in the design process, using situational awareness cards to facilitate discussion, and scenario-driven design sessions to explore and refine the system design. The participatory design process resulted in significant contributions from emergency responders, leading to the development of design solutions that address critical challenges in UAV-supported emergency response.

**Story Structure:** The paper discusses the challenges of designing an effective UAV-supported emergency response system, the participatory design approach adopted, and the insights gained from engaging emergency responders in the process. It then presents the design solutions developed through this approach and discusses their potential impact on situational awareness and emergency response effectiveness.